## Two experimental approaches in nuclear astrophysics using neutrons

<u>Y. Parpottas</u><sup>1</sup>, C. Iliadis<sup>2,3</sup>, H. Tsertos<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Physics, University of Cyprus, Nicosia 1678, Cyprus.

<sup>2</sup>Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, North Carolina 27599-3255, USA.

<sup>3</sup>Triangle Universities Nuclear Laboratory, Durham, North Carolina 27708-0308, USA.

High resolution measurements using the  $({}^{3}\text{He,n})$  reaction are used to determine excitation energies of astrophysically important states. Further, spins can be assigned by comparing the measured differential cross sections with Hauser-Feshbach cross sections. The reaction rates can be also calculated using the experimental values. Reference [1] is an example of such measurements.

Astrophysical S factors are calculated from neutron spectra and absolute cross sections are also determined. Experimental S factor ratios between similar structure nuclei and theoretical ratios deduced from DWBA calculations can be used to compare the results. Reference [2] is an example of such measurements.

[1] Y. Parpottas et al., Phys. Rev. C 70, 065805 (2004)

[2] Y. Parpottas et al., Phys. Rev. C 74, 015804 (2006)